ABN 86 094 633 262 BRISBANE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AGENCY PTY LTD ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their report together with the financial report of Brisbane Economic Development Agency Pty Ltd ("the Company") for the financial year ended 30 June 2023 and the auditor's report thereon.

DIRECTORS

The names of directors in office at any time during or since the end of the financial year were:

Paul Spiro - Chairman Helen Besly John Shepherd (Departed 30/6/2023) John Collins (Commenced 1/8/2022) Sofie Formica

There is no designated Company Secretary

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company's primary operations and responsibility is to drive long-term social and economic benefits to Brisbane and the greater Brisbane region.

OPERATING RESULTS

The result from ordinary activities of the Company for the financial year ended 30 June 2023 was a deficit of \$2,330,217 (2022: \$520,507 Deficit).

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

The principle activities undertaken by the company are to increase investment and visitation to the city, as well as the provision of support to the Brisbane small business sector. Enhancing visitation to the city is undertaken by way of tourism promotional initiatives, as well as the securing of major and business events to the city.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The Company expects to continue to create financial and social economic value for the residents and businesses of Brisbane through its various business activities. Its long-term direction will continue to be guided by the Brisbane Economic Development Plan 2012 - 2032.

DIRECTORS' BENEFITS

Related party transactions are disclosed in note 14 of the financial statements.

COMPANY DETAILS

The Company is an Australian proprietary company limited by shares, incorporated and registered in Brisbane, The Brisbane City Council is the sole shareholder.

The registered address and principal place of business is: Level 20, North Bank 69 Ann Street Brisbane QLD 4000 Australia

EVENTS SINCE THE END OF FINANCIAL YEAR

There have been no other matters or circumstances that have arisen since the end of the financial year that have significantly affected or may significantly affect either:

- i) The Company's operations in future financial years;
- ii) The results of those operations in future financial years; or
- iii) The Company's state of affairs in future financial years.

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out on page 4.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors.

Paul Spiro Chairman

11/09/2023

Helen Besly

Elen Bosa P

Director

11/09/2023

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

To the Directors of Brisbane Economic Development Agency Pty Ltd

This auditor's independence declaration has been provided pursuant to s.307C of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Independence declaration

As lead auditor for the audit of Brisbane Economic Development Agency Pty Ltd for the financial year ended 30 June 2023, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- (a) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations*Act 2001 in relation to the audit
- (b) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

11 September 2023

Sri Narasimhan as delegate of the Auditor-General

Queensland Audit Office Brisbane

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	Note	2023 \$	2022 \$
Revenues			
Grants and subsidies - Brisbane City Council and controlled			
entities	14b	27,816,220	21,227,430
Grants and subsidies - State government	2c	1,987,625	2,197,751
Grants and subsidies - Federal government		17,500	682,500
Ticket sales		262,030	80,558
Advertising and industry participation		652,649	846,363
Memberships		444,417	3,643
Venue hire and recoveries		474,575	516,656
Interest income		273,480	47,879
Other income		-	651,545
Total Revenues	2c	31,928,496	26,254,325
Expenses			
Employee expenses	3	11,424,814	8,443,074
Materials and services	4	4,344,634	3,547,865
City economic development expenses	5	14,908,074	11,612,305
Business development expenses	6	2,276,962	1,864,078
Depreciation and amortisation		, , ,	, ,
- Property, plant and equipment		6,864	6,864
- Right of use assets		814,102	814,810
- Lease incentive		350,881	350,881
Finance costs		50,842	64,694
Other expenditure	7	81,540	70,261
Total Expenses		34,258,713	26,774,832
Net (Deficit)		(2,330,217)	(520,507)
Other Comprehensive Income		-	-
Total Comprehensive Income		(2,330,217)	(520,507)

The above Statement of Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the notes to and forming part of the financial statements

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2023

	Note	2023	2022
		\$	\$
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	8	7,535,965	9,207,676
Trade and other receivables		277,248	950,132
Prepayments		44,011	206,227
Total Current Assets		7,857,224	10,364,035
NON CURRENT ASSETS			
Right-of-use lease assets	10	2,168,223	3,234,231
Plant and equipment		6,864	13,728
Total Non Current Assets		2,175,087	3,247,959
Total Assets		10,032,311	13,611,994
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Payables and accrued employee benefits	9	3,539,134	4,483,806
Lease liabilities	10	1,242,052	1,162,088
Deferred income	11	839,750	39,736
Total Current Liabilities		5,620,935	5,685,631
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Provisions for employee benefits		274,196	160,090
Lease liabilities and make-good provision	10	1,351,489	2,650,366
Total Non Current Liabilities		1,625,685	2,810,456
Total Liabilities		7,246,620	8,496,087
NET ASSETS		2,785,691	5,115,907
SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY			
Contributed equity		1	1
Retained earnings	12	2,785,690	5,115,907
Total Sharcholder's Equity	12	2,785,691	5,115,908
10th One chouse 3 Diguity		2,100,071	J,112,200

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the notes to and forming part of the financial statements

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

2023	Note	Contributed Equity \$	Retained Earnings \$	Total \$
Balance at beginning of year		ъ 1	5,115,907	5,115,908
Net Deficit		-	(2,330,217)	(2,330,217)
Balance at Year End	12	1	2,785,690	2,785,691
2022	Note	Contributed Equity	Retained Earnings	Total
2022 Balance at beginning of year	Note			Total \$ 5,636,415
	Note	Equity \$	Earnings \$	\$

The above Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with the notes to and forming part of the financial statements

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	Note	2023 \$	2022 \$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		Φ	Ф
Cash receipts from customers		3,644,417	1,470,618
Subsidies and grants		32,803,480	26,678,093
Interest received		273,480	47,879
Payments to suppliers and employees		(36,076,367)	(25,317,905)
GST paid to the Australian Taxation Office		(1,097,991)	(446,536)
Net Cash Flows generated/(used) in Operating activities	13	(452,981)	2,432,148
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Net Cash Flows generated by Investing activities		-	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Lease payments		(1,218,730)	(1,176,817)
Net Cash Flows (used) in Financing activities	,	(1,218,730)	(1,176,817)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH HELD		(1,671,711)	1,255,331
Cash at the beginning of the year Cash at the end of the year	8	9,207,676 7,535,965	7,952,345 9,207,676
Cash at the thu of the year	0	1,555,905	7,207,070

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the notes to and forming part of the financial statements

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

1. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial report is a general purpose financial report which has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the *Corporations Act 2001*.

The financial report is prepared on an accruals basis with the exception of the Administered Funds (Note 17) that are accounted for on a cash basis. Except where stated, the historical cost convention is used. The accounting policies have been consistently applied, unless otherwise stated.

The company is a not-for-profit entity.

Amounts included in the financial statements and directors' report have been rounded off to the nearest dollar and are presented in Australian Dollars (AUD).

Comparative information has been restated where necessary to be consistent with disclosures in the current reporting period. The financial statements were authorised for issue by the directors on the date the Director's Declaration was signed.

2. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following is a summary of the material accounting policies adopted by the company in the preparation of the financial report.

(a) Income Tax

The Company is a state body as defined under the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1936* and is exempt from Commonwealth taxation with the exception of Fringe Benefits Tax and Goods and Services Tax.

(b) Goods and Services Tax

Revenues, expenses, plant and equipment are recognised net of the amount of Goods and Services Tax (GST), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Tax Office (ATO). In these circumstances the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense of the item.

Receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included as a current asset or liability in the Statement of Financial Position.

Cash flows are included in the Statement of Cash Flows on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are classified as operating cash flows.

Revenue		AASB 15	AASB 1058	Total
2023		S S	\$	\$
Revenue recognised at a point in time		-	-	-
Grants and subsidies - Brisbane City Council and				
controlled entities	2(c)i	1,295,174	26,521,046	27,816,220
Grants and subsidies - State Government	2(c)i	632,665	1,354,960	1,987,625
Grants and subsidies - Federal Government	2(c)i	17,500	1,551,55	17,500
Ticket sales	2(c)ii	262,030		262,030
Advertising and industry participation	2(c)ii	652,649		652,649
Venue hire and recoveries	2(c)ii	474,575		474,575
Interest income			273,480	273,480
	-	3,334,593	28,149,486	31,484,079
Revenue recognised over time	_			
Memberships	2(c)iii	444,417	2	444,417
11101110425111195	-(-)	444,417		444,417
	=	3,779,010	28,149,486	31,928,496
		AASB 15	AASB 1058	Total
2022		\$	\$	
		49	3	\$
Revenue recognised at a point in time		J.	3	2
Revenue recognised at a point in time Grants and subsidies - Brisbane City Council and			3	3
	2(c)i	1,113,956	20,113,474	21,227,430
Grants and subsidies - Brisbane City Council and	2(c)i 2(c)i	-	·	
Grants and subsidies - Brisbane City Council and controlled entities		1,113,956	20,113,474	21,227,430
Grants and subsidies - Brisbane City Council and controlled entities Grants and subsidies - State Government	2(c)i	1,113,956 483,174	20,113,474 1,714,577	21,227,430 2,197,751
Grants and subsidies - Brisbane City Council and controlled entities Grants and subsidies - State Government Grants and subsidies - Federal Government	2(c)i 2(c)i	1,113,956 483,174 600,000	20,113,474 1,714,577	21,227,430 2,197,751 682,500
Grants and subsidies - Brisbane City Council and controlled entities Grants and subsidies - State Government Grants and subsidies - Federal Government Ticket sales	2(c)i 2(c)i 2(c)ii	1,113,956 483,174 600,000 80,558	20,113,474 1,714,577	21,227,430 2,197,751 682,500 80,558
Grants and subsidies - Brisbane City Council and controlled entities Grants and subsidies - State Government Grants and subsidies - Federal Government Ticket sales Advertising and industry participation	2(c)i 2(c)i 2(c)ii 2(c)ii	1,113,956 483,174 600,000 80,558 846,363	20,113,474 1,714,577	21,227,430 2,197,751 682,500 80,558 846,363
Grants and subsidies - Brisbane City Council and controlled entities Grants and subsidies - State Government Grants and subsidies - Federal Government Ticket sales Advertising and industry participation Venue hire and recoveries	2(c)i 2(c)i 2(c)ii 2(c)ii	1,113,956 483,174 600,000 80,558 846,363	20,113,474 1,714,577 82,500	21,227,430 2,197,751 682,500 80,558 846,363 516,656
Grants and subsidies - Brisbane City Council and controlled entities Grants and subsidies - State Government Grants and subsidies - Federal Government Ticket sales Advertising and industry participation Venue hire and recoveries Interest income	2(c)i 2(c)i 2(c)ii 2(c)ii	1,113,956 483,174 600,000 80,558 846,363	20,113,474 1,714,577 82,500 - - - 47,879	21,227,430 2,197,751 682,500 80,558 846,363 516,656 47,879
Grants and subsidies - Brisbane City Council and controlled entities Grants and subsidies - State Government Grants and subsidies - Federal Government Ticket sales Advertising and industry participation Venue hire and recoveries Interest income Other income	2(c)i 2(c)i 2(c)ii 2(c)ii	1,113,956 483,174 600,000 80,558 846,363 516,656	20,113,474 1,714,577 82,500 - - - 47,879 651,545	21,227,430 2,197,751 682,550 80,558 846,363 516,656 47,879 651,545
Grants and subsidies - Brisbane City Council and controlled entities Grants and subsidies - State Government Grants and subsidies - Federal Government Ticket sales Advertising and industry participation Venue hire and recoveries Interest income Other income Revenue recognised over time	2(c)i 2(c)i 2(c)ii 2(c)ii 2(c)ii	1,113,956 483,174 600,000 80,558 846,363 516,656	20,113,474 1,714,577 82,500 - - - 47,879 651,545	21,227,430 2,197,751 682,500 80,558 846,363 516,656 47,879 651,545 26,250,682
Grants and subsidies - Brisbane City Council and controlled entities Grants and subsidies - State Government Grants and subsidies - Federal Government Ticket sales Advertising and industry participation Venue hire and recoveries Interest income Other income	2(c)i 2(c)i 2(c)ii 2(c)ii	1,113,956 483,174 600,000 80,558 846,363 516,656 - - 3,640,707	20,113,474 1,714,577 82,500 - - - 47,879 651,545	21,227,430 2,197,751 682,500 80,558 846,363 516,656 47,879 651,545 26,250,682
Grants and subsidies - Brisbane City Council and controlled entities Grants and subsidies - State Government Grants and subsidies - Federal Government Ticket sales Advertising and industry participation Venue hire and recoveries Interest income Other income Revenue recognised over time	2(c)i 2(c)i 2(c)ii 2(c)ii 2(c)ii	1,113,956 483,174 600,000 80,558 846,363 516,656	20,113,474 1,714,577 82,500 - - - 47,879 651,545	21,227,430 2,197,751 682,500 80,558 846,363 516,656 47,879 651,545 26,250,682

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

2. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) i) Grants and subsidies

Revenue from Contracts With Customers (AASB 15) - Where revenue arises from an agreement which is enforceable and contains sufficiently specific performance obligations, then the revenue is recognised when control of each performance obligation is satisfied. The performance obligations are varied based on the agreement but include completion of site inspections, familiarisations and incentive promotional activities. Payment terms vary depending on the terms of the agreements; cash is received upfront for some contracts and on the achievement of certain payment milestones for others. Each performance obligation is considered to ensure that the revenue recognition reflects the transfer of control. Within contracts, there may be some performance obligations where control transfers at a point in time and others which have continuous transfer of control over the life of the contract. Where control is transferred over time, generally the input methods being either costs or time incurred are deemed to be the most appropriate methods to reflect the transfer of benefit.

AASB 1058 - Assets arising from grants in the scope of AASB 1058 are recognised at the asset's fair value when the asset is received. The Company considers whether there are any related liability or equity items associated with the asset, which are then recognised in accordance with the relevant accounting standard.

ii) Ticket Sales, Advertising and Industry Participation, Venue Hire and Recoveries

Revenue from Ticket sales is recognised when the customer has taken delivery of the ticket.

Revenue from Advertising and Industry Participation is recognised when the campaign or promotional activity takes place.

Revenue for Venue Hire and Recoveries are recognised in the period which the venue hire, rental and recoveries relate to.

iii) Memberships

Revenue from Memberships is recognised in the duration in which the membership is applicable. Memberships are normally 12 months in term and are recognised throughout the duration of the term based on a daily rate.

(d) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

(e) Employee Benefits

Employee benefits relate to amounts expected to be paid to or on behalf of employees and directors for wages earned, bonuses, annual leave, long service leave, workers' compensation and superannuation.

Annual leave

Annual leave represents the amount which the Company has a present obligation to pay, resulting from employees' services provided up to balance date. The accrual has been calculated based on remuneration rates expected to be paid when the liability is settled and includes related on-costs. Long service leave

Long service leave represents the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made by the Company resulting from employees' services provided up to balance date. The value of the liability is calculated using current pay rates and projected future increases in those rates and includes related employee on-costs. The estimates are adjusted for the probability of the employees remaining in the Company's employment or other associated employment which would result in the Company being required to meet the liability. Adjustments are then made to allow for the proportion of the benefit earned to date, and the result is discounted to present value based on Australian Government Bond Rates.

Superannuation

Contributions are made by the Company to an employee superannuation fund and are charged as an expense when incurred.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

2. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(f) Trade Receivables

Trade receivables are due for settlement within 30 days and are carried at amounts due. The loss allowance for trade and other receivables reflects the lifetime expected credit losses and incorporates reasonable and supportable forward information. However for the financial years ended 30 June 2023 and 30 June 2022, there were no bad debts incurred and no expected credit losses.

(g) Trade Payables

Creditors and accruals represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of the financial year and which are unpaid. These amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days from statement.

(h) Financial Instruments

i) Recognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the Statement of Financial Position when the Company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

ii) Classification

Financial instruments are classified and measured as follows:

- -Receivables held at amortised cost
- -Payables held at amortised cost

(i) Accounting Estimates and Judgements

The preparation of financial statements necessarily requires the determination and use of certain critical accounting estimates, assumptions and management judgements that have the potential to cause a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year. Such estimates, judgements and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in future periods as relevant estimates, judgements and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis.

Estimates and assumptions that have potential significant effects include the following:

- -Provision for Employee Benefits
- -Depreciation expense

(j) New and Future Accounting Standards

No Australian Accounting Standards issued but not yet effective have had or are expected to have any material impact on the Company's financial report.

There were no new standards and interpretations taking effect in the current reporting period that had a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

2. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(k) Leases

i) Right of Use Assets

The Company recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e. the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets, as follows:

Class of right-of-use asset Amortisation rate

Buildings 14-20% Photocopiers 20%

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Company at the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset. The right-of-use assets are also subject to impairment. Right of Use Assets are disclosed in note 10 of the financial statements.

ii) Lease Liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Company recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Company and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Company exercising the option to terminate. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses (unless they are incurred to produce inventories) in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments (e.g., changes to future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such lease payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset. Leased liabilities are disclosed in note 10 of the financial statements.

iii) Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Company applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of machinery and equipment (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases of office equipment that are considered to be low value, which is defined as an asset that costs less than \$10,000 when new. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The total value of payments in the reporting period made towards short-term leases was \$34,502.15.

iv) Peppercorn leases

Peppercorn leases are leases where the rent is substantially below the fair market for a similar property. The company has determined that it has one (1) lease that would be considered a "Peppercorn" lease.

Management has taken up the election available to not-for-profit entities to measure such leases at cost.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	2023 \$	2022 \$
3. EMPLOYEE EXPENSES	0 111 545	E 024 052
Salaries & Wages	8,111,545	5,824,853 422,725
Temporary Staff	346,379 937,252	641,566
Superannuation	1,136,212	582,146
Annual Leave and Long Service Leave	1,130,212	44,072
Workers Compensation	37,999	24,826
Fringe Benefits Tax	500,961	373,094
Payroll Tax	339,466	529,792
Other Employee Expenses	11,424,814	8,443,074
	11,727,017	0,443,074
Number of full-time equivalent employees at 30 June (including casual employees)	71	64
4. MATERIALS & SERVICES		
Cost of Goods Sold - Visitor Information Centre	218,470	64,761
Travel Expenditure	304,764	170,159
Office & Facilities	3,359,766	3,038,598
Other Materials & Services	461,634	274,347
	4,344,634	3,547,865
5. CITY ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT EXPENSES	-	
Marketing Activities	7,823,712	6,053,020
Sponsorships	5,483,395	4,472,501
Promotional Materials	1,600,967	1,086,784
	14,908,074	11,612,305
6. BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT EXPENSES		
Market Research	164,651	198,183
Event Activation	1,500,035	868,546
Event Contractors	188,338	433,165
Event Performers	423,938	364,184
Event i diteriori	2,276,962	1,864,078
7. OTHER EXPENDITURE	21 000	21.964
Auditing Fees - Queensland Audit Office (audit of accounts)	31,900 32,735	31,864 31,450
Auditing Fees - Internal Audit	16,905	6,947
Other Expenditure	81,540	70,261
	01,540	70,201
8. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Cash at Bank	86,460	1,869,013
Deposits on Call	7,449,505	7,338,663
	7,535,965	9,207,676

Excess funds are invested in the Queensland Treasury Corporation (QTC) Capital Guaranteed Cash Fund Account. Based on financial instruments held at 30 June 2023, a 1% increase or decrease in market interest rates would have an impact of \$75,360 (2022:+/-\$92,077) on the Company's Statement of Comprehensive Income.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	2023 \$	2022 \$
9. PAYABLES AND ACCRUED EMPLOYEE BENEFITS		
Trade Creditors	2,439,711	3,746,070
Accrued Employee Benefits	509,570	465,139
Accrued Long Service Leave	589,853	272,597
•	3,539,134	4,483,806
Trade Creditors are non-interest-bearing and have maturity dates of less than one (1) y	ear.	
10. LEASE ASSETS AND LIABILITIES		
Non-Current Assets		
Lease Incentive Asset	906,443	1,257,324
Right of Use Asset	1,261,780	1,976,907
	2,168,223	3,234,231
Current Liabilities	-	
Lease Liability	1,242,052	1,162,088
•	1,242,052	1,162,088
Non-Current Liabilities		
Make Good	239,000	389,000
Lease Liability	1,112,489	2,261,366
	1,351,489	2,650,366
The Company leases two (2) buildings for operating activities which incur annual contals oleases multi-functional device photocopiers. The table in Note 16 shows the matuliabilities.		

11. DEFERRED INCOME

Grants and Subsidies - Brisbane City Council and Controlled Entities	350,000	3,878
Grants and subsidies - State government	420,000	
Grants and Subsidies - Federal	33,750	35,858
Advertising and Industry Participation	36,000	-
	839,750	39,736

12. RETAINED EARNINGS

The Company's retained earnings are subject to a number of restrictions from third parties which limit amounts available for distribution and/or execution to specific activities for which they were received. The restricted amount is held as Cash and Cash Equivalents.

Restricted	Retained	Earnings
------------	----------	----------

Convention Bids	696,500	760,000
Australia TradeCoast Limited	132,060	132,060
Queen Street Mall Levy	683,815	879,262
Total Restricted Retained Earnings	1,512,375	1,771,322
Unrestricted Retained Earnings	1,273,315	3,344,585
Total Retained Earnings	2,785,690	5,115,907

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	2023 \$	2022 \$
13. CASH FLOW INFORMATION		
Reconciliation of deficit to the net cash flows used in operating activities		
Net (Deficit)	(2,330,217)	(520,507)
Non-cash flows in Net (Deficit)		
Depreciation & Amortisation	1,171,847	1,172,555
Finance Costs	50,842	64,694
Make-Good Provision	(150,000)	-
Changes in Assets and Liabilities		
(Increase) / decrease in		
Trade and other receivables	672,884	(644,258)
Prepayments	162,216	4,093
Increase / (decrease) in		
Payables and accrued employee benefits	(944,673)	2,401,786
Deferred income	800,014	(95,011)
Provisions for employee benefits	114,106	48,797
Net cash flows generated / (used) in operating activities	(452,981)	2,432,148

Reconciliation of financing activities

2023	Opening	Cashflows	Interest	New Lease	Closing
Lease Liabilites	3,423,454	(1,218,730)	50,842	98,975	2,354,541
2022	Opening	Cashflows	Interest	New Lease	Closing
Lease Liabilites	2,893,164	(1,176,817)	64,694	1,642,413	3,423,454

14. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) Key Management Personnel Employee Benefits

Key management personnel (KMP) are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of company, directly or indirectly. KMP includes the Givernance Committee comprising the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Operating Officer, Chief Financial Officer and the General Manager of Human Resources. KMP employee benefits relate to employee benefits expensed (Note 2(e)) to or on behalf of KMP, comprising the following components:

- -Short-term benefits, including salaries and leave entitlements earned and expensed for the entire year, or for that part of the year during which the employee occupied a KMP position; performance payments recognised as an expense during the year.
- -Long term benefits include amounts expensed in respect of long service leave entitlements earned.
- -Post-employment benefits include amounts expensed in respect of employer superannuation obligations.
- -Termination benefits include payments in lieu of notice on termination and other lump sum separation entitlements (excluding annual and long service leave entitlements) payable on termination of employment or acceptance of an offer of termination of employment.

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Directors' Benefits		
Short-term benefits	222,079	183,083
Post-employment benefits	10,582	5,417
	232,661	188,500
KMP's Benefits		
Short-term benefits	1,094,319	864,898
Post-employment benefits	117,800	88,171
Long-term benefits	27,584	16,814
·	1,239,703	969,883
Number of Directors	5	5
Number of KMP	4	5

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

(b) Transactions with the Brisbane City Council and its controlled entities, the ultimate and Australian controlling entity

During the year, Brisbane City Council provided grants and other funds to Brisbane Economic Development Agency Pty Ltd with a total value of \$27,816,220 (2022: \$21,227,430). Amounts receivable at balance date under normal commercial terms and conditions amounted to \$13,216 (2022: \$70,000).

In addition, amounts for goods and/or services supplied by Brisbane City Council and its controlled entities including City Parklands Services Pty Ltd, Museum of Brisbane Pty Ltd and Major Brisbane Festival Pty Ltd based on normal commercial terms and conditions to the Company were as follows:

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
City Economic Development Expenditure	547,822	630,060
Other Costs	85,813	98,863
	633,635	728,923

Amounts payable at balance day under normal commercial terms and conditions amounted to \$Nil (2022:\$49,435).

Amounts received and recognised as deferred income at balance day under normal commercial terms and conditions amounted to \$350,000 (2022:\$3,878). Deferred Income are disclosed in note 11 of the financial statements

15. ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

The Company's activities are dependent upon grant funding from the Brisbane City Council. Funding support has been agreed to by the council for the year ending 30 June 2024.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

16. LEASE LIABILITIES MATURITY ANALYSIS	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Within 1 year	1,242,052	1,162,088
Within 2-5 years	1,112,489	2,261,366
	2,354,541	3,423,454

17. ADMINISTERED FUNDS

(a) City Bid Fund

In 2011/12 a separate bank account was set up which enabled the fund members (Brisbane Economic Development Agency, Brisbane Convention & Exhibition Centre and Queensland Hotels Association) to jointly bid in attracting conferences to the City. The account is administered by the Company on behalf of the members of the fund. These funds are not included in the statement of financial position as they are trust monies.

Opening Cash Balance	2,184,282	2,172,958
Contributions Received	207,843	(48,131)
Interest Earned	56,677	9,894
Conferences Supported	(252,152)	49,561
Closing Cash Balance	2,196,650	2,184,282

(b) International Marketing Fund

In 2018/19 a separate bank account was set up which enabled the fund members (Brisbane Economic Development Agency and Brisbane Airport Corporation) to jointly promote Brisbane City to international markets. The account is administered by the Company on behalf of the members of the fund. These funds are not included in the statement of financial position as they are trust monies.

Opening Cash Balance	407,184	273,263
Contributions Received	1,000,000	300,000
Interest Earned	12,920	1,921
Marketing Campaigns	(1,000,000)	(168,000)
Closing Cash Balance	420,104	407,184

18. EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE DATE

The financial report was authorised for issue on the date the directors report was signed. The directors have the power to amend and re-issue the financial report. There have been no events subsequent to reporting date which would have a material effect on the Company's financial statements as at 30 June 2023.

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

In the opinion of the directors of Brisbane Economic Development Agency Pty Ltd:

- 1. The financial statements and notes, as set out on pages 5 to 18, are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
 - a) giving a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 30 June 2023 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - b) complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.
- 2. There are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

On behalf of the Board

Paul Spiro Chairman 11/09/2023

Director 11/09/2023

Helen Besly

Ale Boshp



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Brisbane Economic Development Agency Pty Ltd

Report on the audit of the financial report

Opinion

I have audited the accompanying financial report of Brisbane Economic Development Agency Pty Ltd.

In my opinion, the financial report:

- a) gives a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2023, and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended
- b) complies with the *Corporations Act 2001*, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and Australian Accounting Standards.

The financial report comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2023, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes to the financial statements including material accounting policy information, and the directors' declaration.

Basis for opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with the *Auditor-General Auditing Standards*, which incorporate the Australian Auditing Standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of my report.

I am independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to my audit of the financial report in Australia. I have also fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code and the *Auditor-General Auditing Standards*. I am also independent of the entity in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*, and confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of the company, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Other information

Other information comprises financial and non-financial information (other than the audited financial report) included in Brisbane Economic Development Agency Pty Ltd's annual report. At the date of this auditor's report, the available other information in Brisbane Economic Development Agency Pty Ltd's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2023 was the director's report.

Those charged with governance are responsible for the other information.



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My opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly I do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with my audit of the financial report, my responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or my knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work I have performed, I conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, I am required to report that fact.

I have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the company for the financial report

The company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and Australian Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as the company's directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

The company's directors are also responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether
 due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks,
 and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my
 opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher
 than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional
 omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for forming an opinion on
 the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of material accounting policy information used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the company.

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- Conclude on the appropriateness of the company's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. I base my conclusions on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

I communicate with the company's directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

Sri Narasimhan as delegate of the Auditor-General

12 September 2023

Queensland Audit Office

Brisbane